4.—Causes of Failures in Canada and the United States, by Numbers and Percentages, years ended Dec. 21, 1926 and 1927 (From Bradstreet's).

CANADA (including Newfoundland and St. Pierre-Miquelon).

Failures due to	Number.		Ass	sets.	Liabilities.		
	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Incompetence	535	528	1.535.477	1,431,273	4,154,369	4,100,048	
Inexperience	122	144	228,640	192,851	779,747	832,032	
Lack of capital	777	704	5,207,727	4,511,651	11,480,312	10,387,616	
Unwise credits	106 12	96 13	382,642 72,625	545,420 535,223	1,636,736 145,335	1,691,185 681,753	
Failures of others.	15	13	41.857	49.621	116,160	164,048	
Neglect	23	34	45,454	65.782	145, 131	236,770	
Competition	148	160	704, 495	775,424	2.598.422	2,462,425	
Specific conditions	297	268	3.375,663	2.145.988	6.208,521	4.340.262	
Speculation	25	12	119,065	105, 124	568, 178	369.728	
Fraed	46	44	155, 105	310,445	589,892	1,022,393	
Total	2, 106	2,016	11,868,750	10,663,801	28,422,743	26,288,262	
	UN	ITED 8	TATES.	·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Incompetence	6.790	6,990	65,156,015	74,388,781	123,798,462	133, 177, 786	
Inexperience	1.020	1,047	14,987,915	6, 134, 763	22,519,724	33,962,386	
Lack of capital	6,550	7,071	101,010,632	132,858,063	194,589,658	215, 136, 492	
Unwise credits	332	284	12,578,120	18,536,945	17.100,217	28,869,043	
Failures of others	242	274	12,576,435	18,012,709	17,493,044	28,054,977	
Extravagance	268	93	1,651,226	840,305	1.750,453	2,241,222	
Neglect	292	229	3,766,631	1,261,951	6,961,191	2,616,032	
Competition	517 8, 171	495 2,993	4,566,869 143,757,209	4,399,807 112,741,231	9,157,441 215,679,916	10,305,940 169,152,210	
Specific conditions	85	2,99a 54	7.129.089	6, 107, 664	9,909,955	7.314.832	
Prond	757	737	19 596 877	1 9 766 649	1 33 268 250	I 9.4 3.00 00-5	
Fraud	757	737	12,529,677	9,766,642	33,268,259	24,300,005	

PERCENTAGES OF NUMBER OF FAILURES AND LIABILITIES, CLASSIFIED BY CAUSES.

Non				United States, per cent			
Number.		Liabilities		Number.		Liabilities.	
26.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.	1926.	1927.
5-4	26.2	14.6	15.6	33.9	84.5	18.9	20-4
6-9	34-9	40.4	39.5	32.7	34-9	29-7	5- 32-
5·0 0·6	4·8 0·6	5·8 0·5		1·7 1·2	1-4 1-3	2·6 2·7	4-
0-7	0-6	0.4	0.6	1-3	0-5 1-1	0-7	0- 0-
7-0	7-9	9.1	9-4	2.6	3-4	1.4	1.
1.2	0-6	1.9	1.4	0.4	0.3	1-5	25 - 1 - 3 -
	5-4 5-8 6-9 5-0 0-7 1-1 7-0	25-4 26-2 5-8 7-2 16-9 34-9 5-6 0-6 0-7 0-6 1-1 1-7 7-0 7-9 1-1 13-3 1-2 0-6	25-4 26-2 14-6 5-8 7-2 2-8 5-9 34-9 40-4 5-0 4-8 5-8 0-6 0-6 0-5 0-7 0-6 0-4 1-1 1-7 0-5 7-0 7-9 9-1 1-2 0-6 1-9	25-4 26-2 14-6 15-6 5-8 7-2 2-8 3-2 16-9 34-9 40-4 39-5 5-0 4-8 5-8 6-4 0-6 0-6 0-5 2-6 0-7 0-6 0-4 0-6 1-1 1-7 0-5 0-9 7-0 7-9 9-1 9-4 1-1 13-3 21-9 16-5 1-2 0-6 1-9 1-4	25-4 26-2 14-6 15-6 33-9 5-8 7-2 2-8 3-2 5-1 16-9 34-9 40-4 39-5 32-7 5-0 4-8 5-8 6-4 1-7 0-6 0-6 0-5 2-6 1-2 0-7 0-6 0-4 0-6 1-3 1-1 1-7 0-5 0-9 1-5 7-0 7-9 9-1 9-4 2-6 1-2 0-6 1-2 1-2 0-6 1-9 1-4 1-1 13-3 21-9 16-5 15-8 1-2 0-6 1-9 1-4 0-6	25-4 26-2 14-6 15-6 33-9 34-5 5-8 7-2 2-8 3-2 5-1 5-2 16-9 34-9 40-4 39-5 32-7 34-9 5-0 6 0-6 0-5 2-6 1-2 1-3 0-5 1-1 1-7 0-5 0-9 1-5 1-1 1-7 0-5 0-9 1-5 1-1 1-7 0-7 0-9 1-1 1-7 0-6 1-3 1-6 2-4 1-7 1-1 13-3 21-9 16-5 15-8 14-8 1-2 0-6 1-9 1-4 0-3	25-4 26-2 14-6 15-6 32-9 34-5 18-9 5-8 7-2 2-8 3-2 5-1 5-2 3-4 5-9 34-9 40-4 39-5 32-7 34-9 29-7 5-0 4-8 5-8 6-4 1-7 1-4 2-6 6 0-6 0-5 0-5 2-6 1-2 1-3 0-5 0-7 1-1 1-7 0-5 0-9 1-5 1-1 1-1 1-7 0-5 0-9 1-5 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-3 3 21-9 16-5 15-8 14-8 32-9 1-2 0-6 1-9 1-4 1-4 0-3 1-5

Analysis of Commercial Failures.—In Tables 5 and 6 Bradstreet's and Dun's statistics of commercial failures are analysed according to Kemmerer's method, modified so as to eliminate as far as possible the bias toward large money figures arising out of the diminishing of the purchasing power of the dollar since 1900. First, the number of concerns failing is stated as a percentage of those in business, and this percentage is then stated as an index number, with 1900 as the base year. Then the assets and liabilities are stated, with the average liabilities per failure, these average liabilities being also stated as an index number, with 1900 as the base year. This second index number, however, requires to be adjusted